

On the Structure of Changes in Dynamic Contact Networks

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Outline

Context and problem

Our approach

Results

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Dynamic Contact Networks

Participants carry **sensor devices**

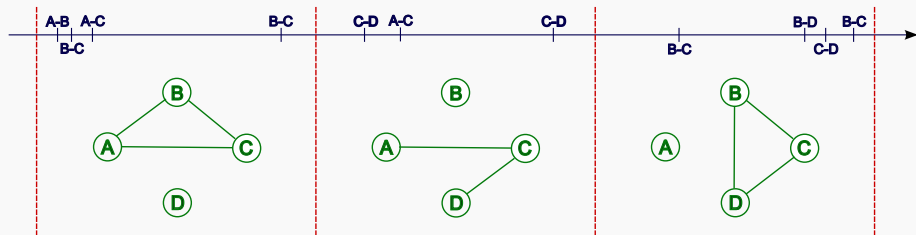
- **send** periodically
- **listen** at any time
- **log** received signals

Dynamic Contact Networks

Participants carry **sensor devices**

- **send** periodically
- **listen** at any time
- **log** received signals

Aggregation of contacts: series of contacts → series of graphs



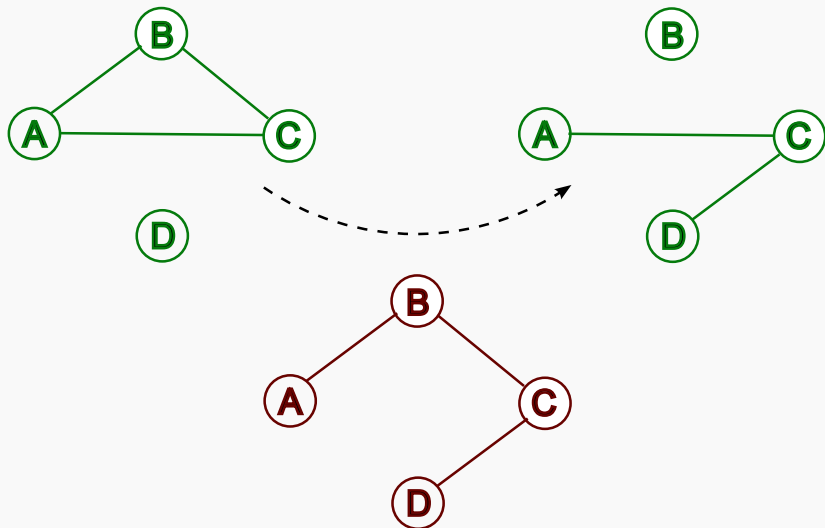
Our goal

Correlation between consecutive graphs

Structure of changes: concentrated or spread?

Suitable object: difference graph

Difference graphs



Generality of our approach

Approach **purely graph-based**

- proximity contacts
- communications
- online social networks

No use of mobility data

- not always available
- not always relevant
- we study contacts

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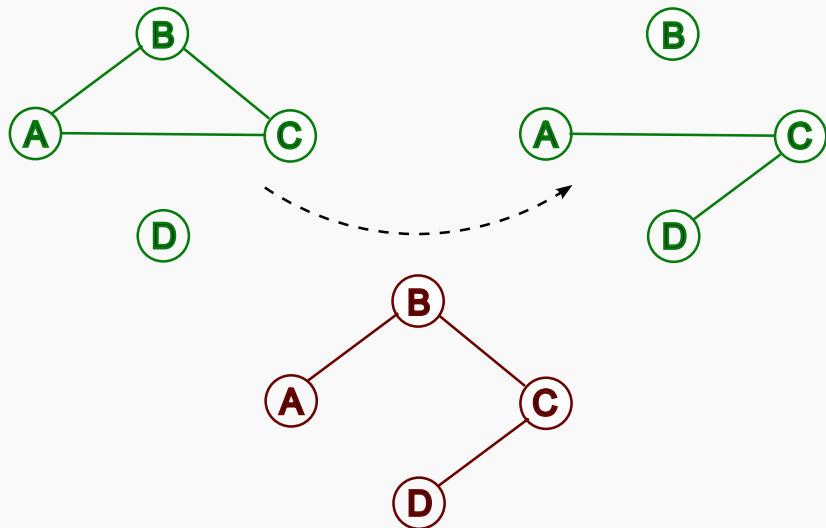
Structure of changes

→ Concentration of edges in the difference graphs

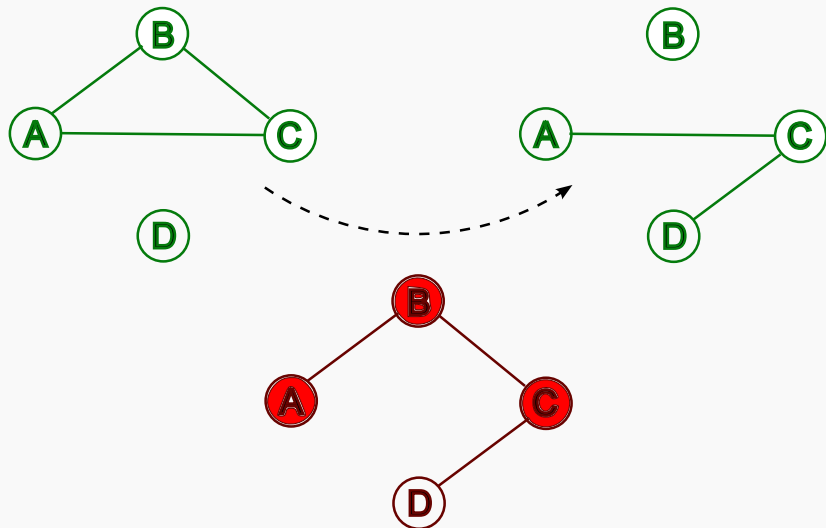
Two parameters:

- non-isolated nodes
⇒ nodes involved in changes
- minimum vertex cover
⇒ nodes that concentrate changes

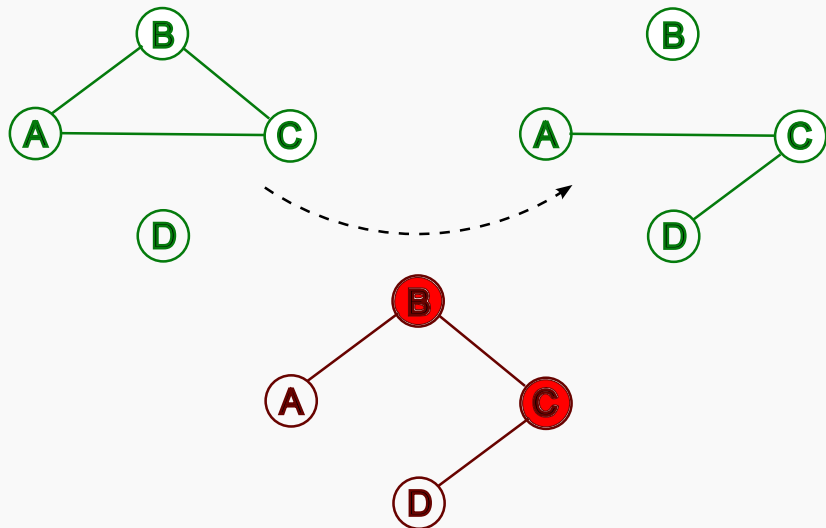
Minimum Vertex Cover



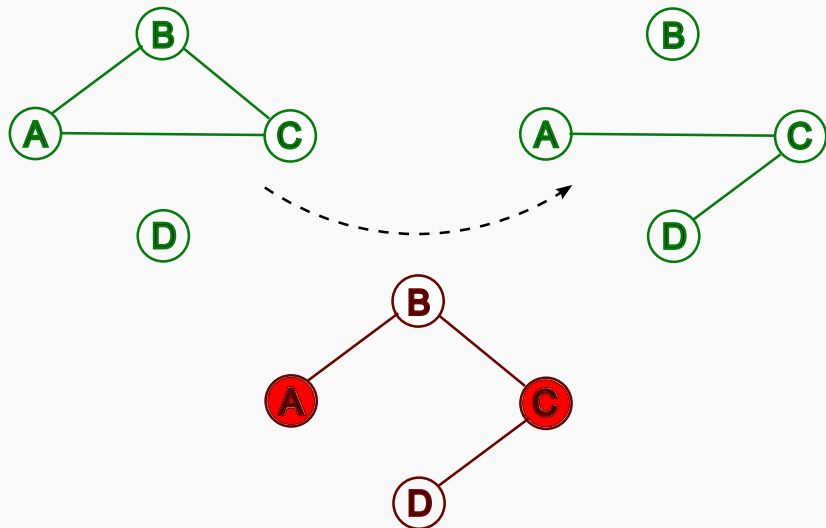
Minimum Vertex Cover



Minimum Vertex Cover



Minimum Vertex Cover



Structure of changes (continued)

→ Concentration of edges in the difference graphs

Two parameters:

- non-isolated nodes
⇒ nodes involved in changes
- minimum vertex cover
⇒ nodes that concentrate changes

Comparison: actual values / expected values

Random graph of given density: Erdős-Rényi model.

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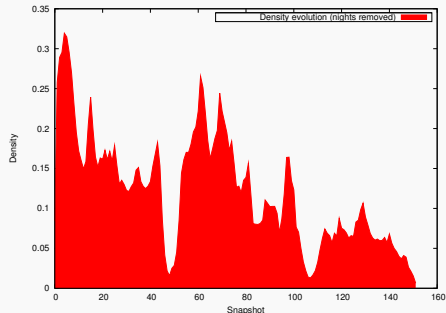
Results

Example dataset: Infocom'06

Proximity contacts

Sampling period: 120 seconds

Chosen aggregation period: 900 seconds

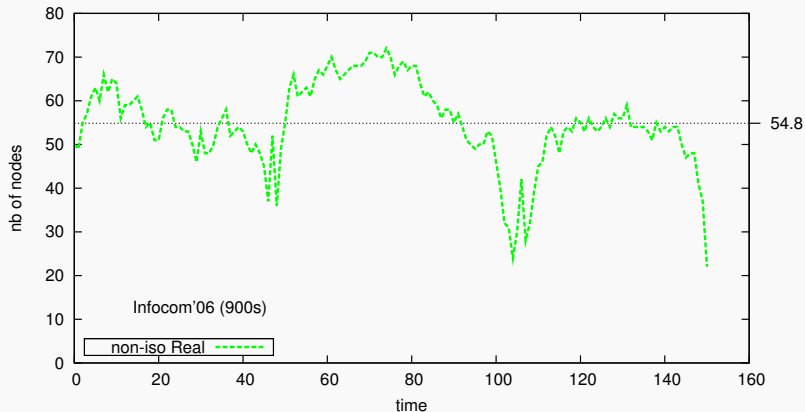


Other datasets: Infocom'05, RollerNet, Cambridge, MOSAR

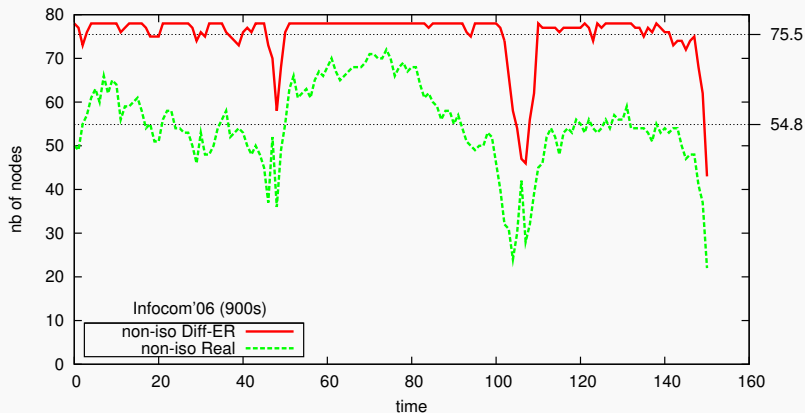
Results

Parameters

Non-isolated nodes

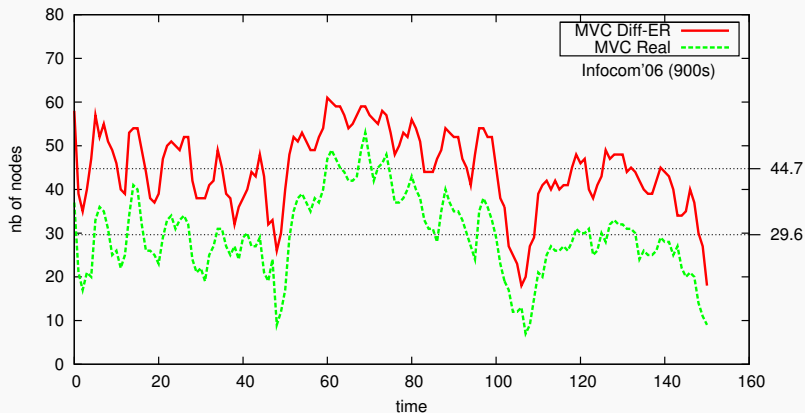


Non-isolated nodes



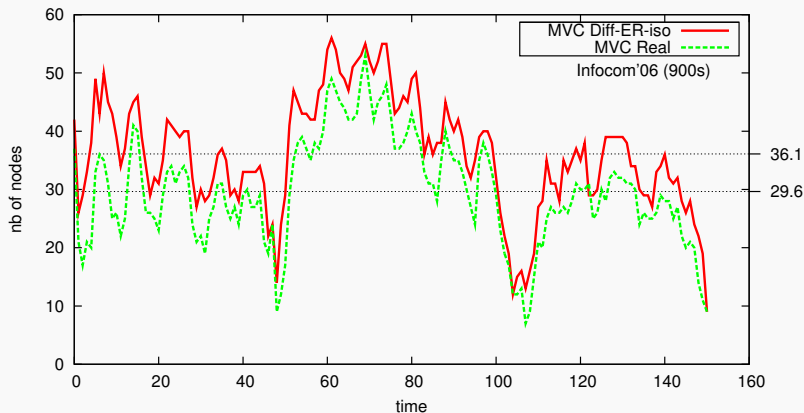
Conclusion: **few** nodes involved in changes

Minimum Vertex Cover



Conclusion: **few** nodes concentrate change

Not directly linked



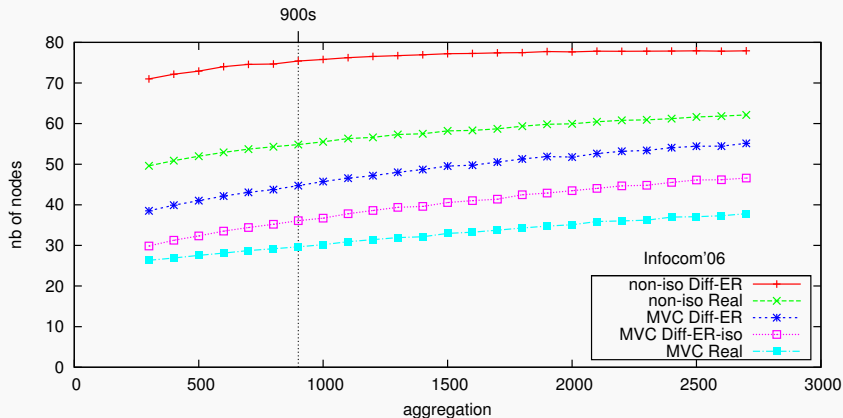
Conclusion: MVC **actually smaller** than expected

Results

Parameters

Aggregation

Influence of the aggregation period



Conclusion: wide range of aggregation periods

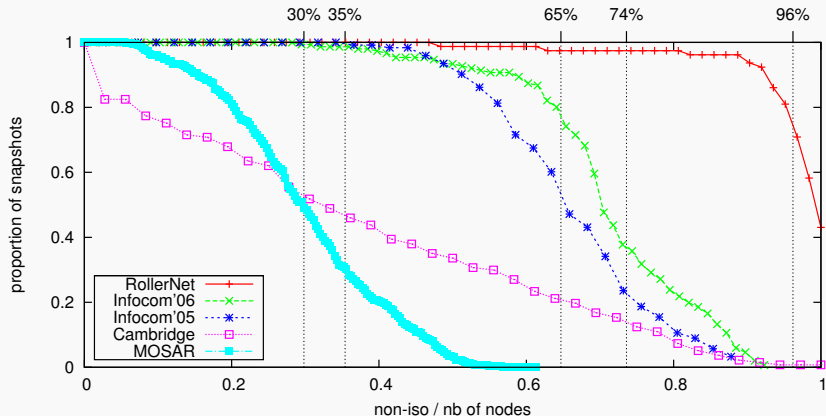
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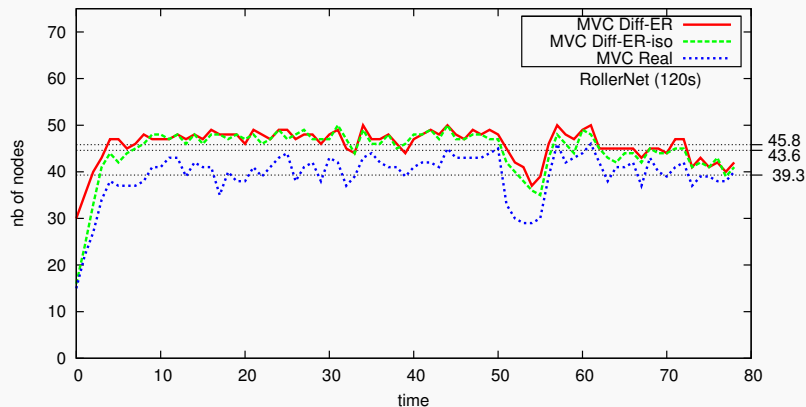
Datasets

Non-isolated nodes (several datasets)



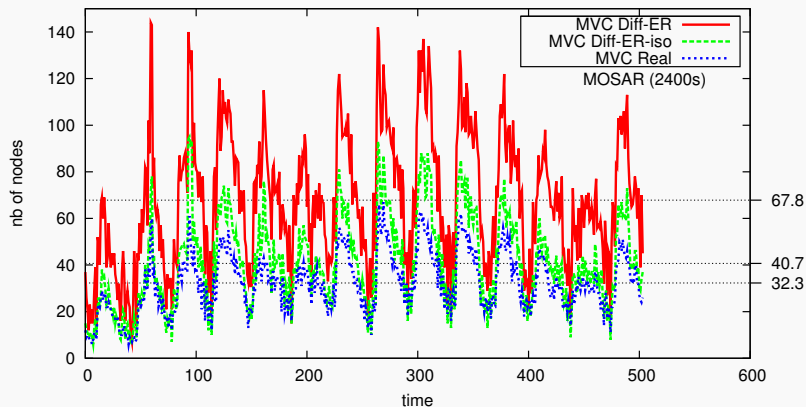
Three groups of experiments

Minimum Vertex Cover (RollerNet)



Same conclusion: MVC **smaller** than expected

Minimum Vertex Cover (MOSAR)



Same conclusion: MVC **smaller** than expected

Results

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Aggregation

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Conclusion

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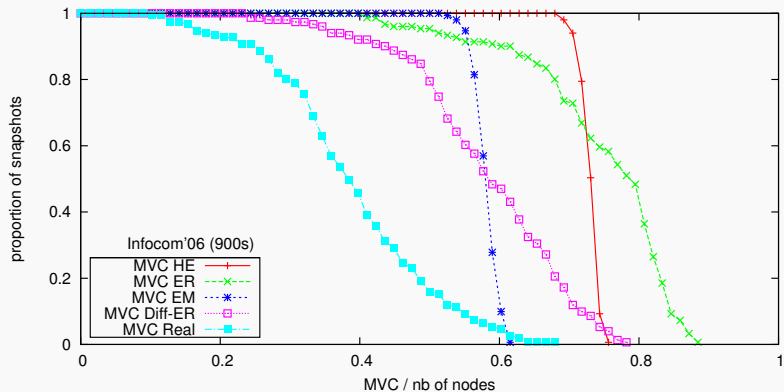
- few nodes **involved** in changes
- few nodes **concentrate** the changes

Generality

- **limited influence** of the **aggregation**
- “**independent**” of the **contact network**

⇒ **special structure of changes**

Models



Minimum Vertex Cover

Not concerned about complexity issues:

- NP-complete problem
- preprocessing called leaf removal very efficient on sparse graphs
- practical observation: it performs even better on our graphs